INCORPORATION of SAN MARTIN and the LAFCO Process

San Martin Community Workshop
May 17, 2007
Roseanne Chamberlain
Chamberlain Consulting

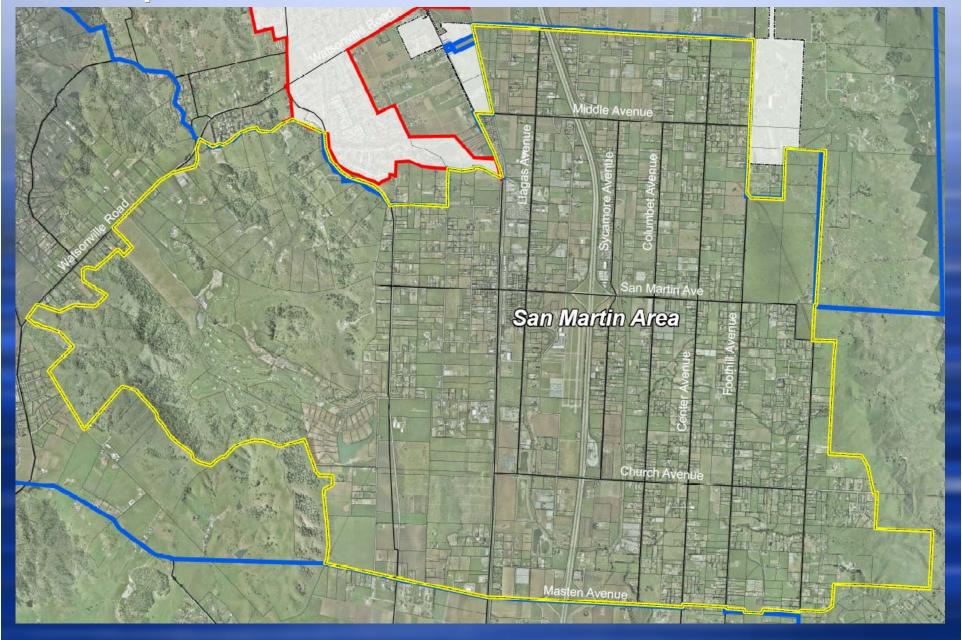
WORKSHOP GOALS

- Review the Proposed Incorporation of the Town of San Martin
- Clarify the Incorporation Process
- Review Legal Requirements
- Review Financial Considerations
- See Santa Clara LAFCO Draft Incorporation Policies
- Discuss Desired Time Line & Challenges
- Answer Questions

Proposed Incorporation of the Town of San Martin

- Reasons for the Proposal (Petition)
 - Gain local control of land use, growth, planning policy and other governmental activities
 - Town Council
 - Locally Accessible Leadership
 - Accountable and Focused on San Martin Needs
 - Intent is to preserve rural residential qualities of the community
 - No change in nature of services

Proposed Boundaries for New Town



What A New City Means

- Locally Elected City Council
 - Accessible Leadership, Local Control & Focus
 - Customize Local City Services, Some Still County/District
 - Future Council Decisions Will Shape the City
- New Government
 - Land Use, Zoning and City General Plan (Development)
 - Business & Building Permits, etc.
 - New City Ordinances
- Tax Shifts to City to Support Services
 - Capture and Retain Share of Local Tax Dollars
 - Prop 13 & Prop 218: No New Taxes without Vote
 - State Funding for Cities (VLF)

What Incorporation Won't Do

- Will Not Trigger Urban Development
 - City Council has land use power
 - Adoption of City General Plan
- Will Not Increase Property Taxes
 - State Laws and Constitution (Prop.13)
 - County Assessed Values & Process Unchanged
- Won't Automatically Change Services

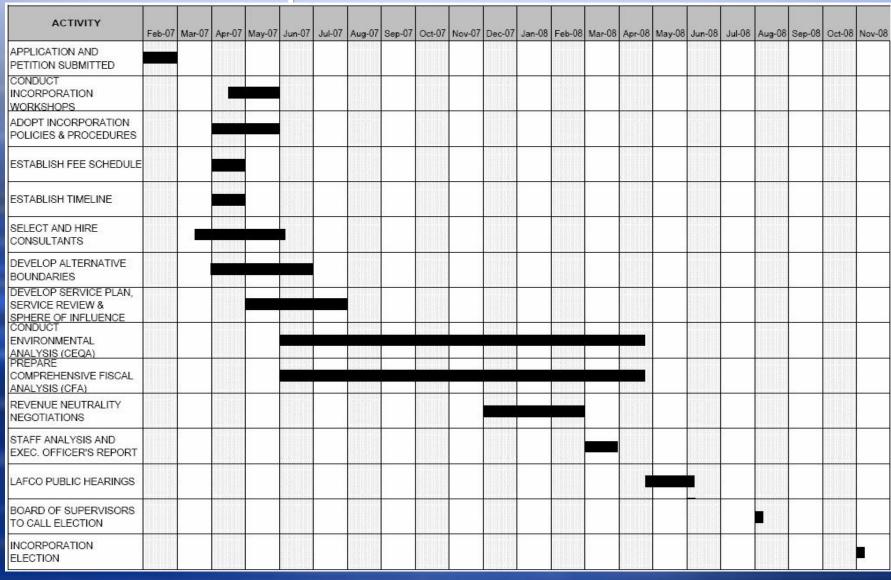
How Is A New City Created? 5 MAJOR STEPS

- 1. Start With Petition of Registered Voters
- 2. Complete the Application Package (Information for LAFCO & Public)
- 3. LAFCO Hearing and Decision
- 4. Election (Called by Board of Supervisors)

 Usually takes a minimum of 9-12 months
- 5. Completion, Filings, Recording & Transmittal

Team Work Needed All the Way LAFCO Staff, Consultants, Proponents, County, Other Affected Agencies

Proposed Timeline



Legal & Regulatory Framework

- Process is Defined by:
 - a. Provisions of the State Constitution
 - b. Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Act LAFCO Laws (Government Code Section §56000et.seq.
 - c. Revenue & Taxation Code
 - d. California Environment Quality Act
 - e. Locally adopted LAFCO policies
- Complex For A Reason:
 - Ensures All Parties' Interests are Represented

STEP #1: The Petition to LAFCO

- Signed by registered voters
 - Shows proposed boundaries and intended services
 - "Certificate of Sufficiency" March 6, 2007
 - Formal Initiation Date is date of "CoS"
- Comparison to Citizen Initiative Petitions
 - Different than Ballot Proposition
 - Initiates review by LAFCO leads to election
 - Does not directly initiate the election

STEP #2 Application Elements

- Forms & Signatures, Fee Payment Arrangements
- Map and Boundary Alternatives
- Fiscal Analysis (CFA)
 - Base Costs, Services, Projected Revenues
 - Projected City Budgets (10 years)
 - Analysis and Basis for Revenue Neutrality Agreement
- CEQA- potential environmental effects
- Certificate of Filing

CFA-FISCAL ANALYSIS

- Assesses Feasibility
 - Proposed City Costs & Revenues
 - 3 years--Minimum Feasibility
 - 10 years--Long Term Viability (State Revenues)
- Calculates "Base Year" Cost
- Calculates City's Base Property Tax
 - Auditor's Ratio (property taxes ÷ all revenues)
 - Ratio x Cost of Services Transferred to City
- Data From Most Recent Fiscal Year (06-07)
- Current & Useful for Only One Year

REVENUE NEUTRALITY

- Revenues Transferred = Cost of Services
- Negotiations & Agreement
 - between County/Agencies and Proponents
 - Includes Fiscal mitigation, tax sharing, etc.
 - Prospective, not just base year
 - payment plans, creative ideas to achieve equal transfer
- LAFCO must determine that transfer of revenue and services are "substantially equal"
- Fiscal Conditions by LAFCO bind the future city



CEQA-Environmental Review

- CEQA Requires Pre-Decision Disclosure of Environmental Effects of Incorporation
- ◆ All LAFCO Decisions subject to CEQA
- Project Description and "Initial Study"
 - Analyze & Identify Potential Effects
 - Consultation and Comment Process
 - Incorporation: New Administration, Governance
 - Could Incorporation Trigger Environmental Impacts?

Executive Officer's Report Integrated Analysis

- "Factors" Analysis in Gvt. Code 56668
- City Services
- Boundaries, Boundary Alternatives
- Effect of the Incorporation on Others
- Fiscal Effects and Effect of Transfers
- Environmental Effects (CEQA)
- Alternatives and Modifications



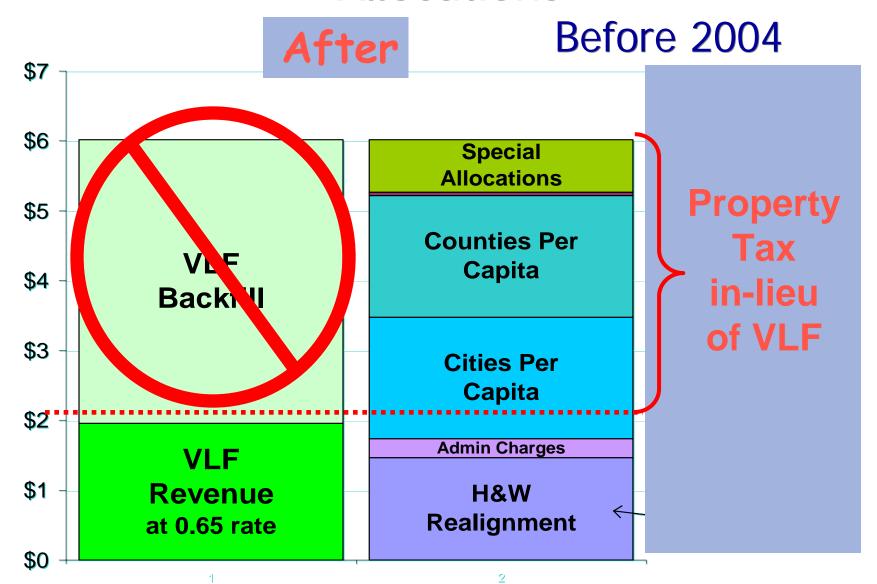
Sources of Municipal Revenue To City From County

- Property Tax
- Sales Tax
- Real Property Transfer Tax
- Transient Occupancy Tax, Business License Tax
- Franchise Fees, Unitary Tax
- Planning & Permit Fees
- Fines and Penalties
- Interest/Investment Earnings

Sources of Municipal Revenues New Revenue To Cities

- State "Subventions" Vehicle License Fees
- State Subvention Funding (Before 2004)
 - VLF fees distributed to counties and cities
 - Calculation based on Population
 - Population Subsidy for New Cities (3 x Voters)
- Changes in VLF Revenue Formulas Critical for Financial Viability

Vehicle Lic. Fee (VLF) Revenues & Allocations



AB1602 (Laird 2006): A Remedy to VLF – PropTax Swap Problems

- Incorporations after August 2004
 - New VLF allocation \$50+ per capita ... including population growth over time. [Rev&Tax §11005(c)]
 Compensation for lack of PropTax in Lieu of VLF
 - ◆ New VLF "bump" [Rev&Tax § 11005.3(c)]
 - 150% of actual population in the first year of incorporation,
 - 140% in the second year,
 - 130% in the third year,
 - 120% in the fourth year, and
 - 110% in the fifth year.
 - Also applies to allocations of Highway User Tax (Gasoline Excise Tax)
 - Sunsets July 1, 2009. Only incorporations prior to July 1, 2009 will qualify.

Quick Review

- STEP #1: The Petition to LAFCO
- STEP #2: Application Elements
- STEP # 3: LAFCO Hearings & Decision

STEP # 3 LAFCO Public Hearings

- Maps Prepared for Boundaries & Alternatives
- Charges Paid & Current
- Public Review Draft Fiscal Analysis (CFA)
 - Feasibility
 - Base Year Costs, Projected City Budget
- Revenue Neutrality Agreement
 - Cost of Services is Substantially Equal to Revenues Transferred
- CEQA Disclosure and Documentation
- Executive Officer's Report

LAFCO Decision Points



- Boundaries for the City
- Financial Feasibility of the City
- Services Assumed & Service Costs Transferred
- Property Taxes Transferred (Statutory Formula)
- Other Taxes & Payments (Revenue Neutrality)
- Disposition of Assets and Responsibilities
- Effective Date of Incorporation
- CEQA Adequacy: Disclosure, Findings, Mitigations if Needed, etc.

PUBLIC HEARINGS LAFCO DECISION

- Approve/Deny
- Amend & Modify
- Add Conditions
- Make Determinations
- Make Findings
- Set Provisional Gann Limit



STEP #4: Election

- •Impartial Ballot Analysis
 - -500 Words
 - -Reviewed by Counsel
 - -Approved by Commission
- •Ballot Information
 - -Terms and Conditions
 - -Map of City Limits

- Election
 - Placed on Ballot by Board of Supervisors
 - Planned: November 08
 - Majority Vote to Pass
 - BoS certifies election results

PLANNED SCHEDULE

CEQA Work:

- Summer 07: Initial Study, Consultation
- Determine if EIR or Neg Dec is needed

CFA & Revenue Neutrality:

Summer/Fall 07: Research & Analysis

◆ Early 08: Draft CFA & Revenue Neutrality Negotiations

Spring 08: RN Agreement Finalized

LAFCO Actions:

Spring/Summer 08: Hearing(s) on Incorporation & Decision

Election

November 08: Election by Area Voters

Final Filings, Transmittals and Completion Dec 2008

Estimated Cost of Incorporation Proceedings

- Petition Verification Costs: \$3,600
- Comprehensive Fiscal Analysis: \$88,810
- LAFCO Staff/Counsel: \$100,000 approx.
- Initial Study/Neg. Dec.: \$15,000-25,000
- ◆ EIR: \$100,000 \$150,000 approx.
- Misc. (noticing, maps...): \$3,000 approx

Proponents are responsible for these costs

LAFCO Policies

- Adoption on May 30
- Available on Website
- Purpose:
 - Implement Laws
 - Ground rules for all
 - Certainty & Clarity

Policy Topics

- Fees, Timing, Time Limits
- Boundaries & Services
- CEQA Process
- Financial Assumptions
- CFA Requirements
- Revenue Neutrality Process

Conclusion

- Incorporation Has Significant Effects on Community, County & Region
- Incorporation is a Complex Process
 - Process is Designed to Inform All Parties
 - There are Safeguards To Protect the Rights of All
- LAFCO has Broad Discretion
 - Approve or Disapprove
 - Determine Costs, Set Revenue Transfers
 - Add Conditions and Make Modifications
- Ultimate Success Depends on:
 - Cooperation Among All Parties
 - County, Proponents, LAFCO, Citizens, Other affected agencies
 - Will of the People



NEXT LAFCO WORKSHOP

WEDNESDAY MAY 30, 2007
10:30 AM TO 12:00 NOON
BOARD CHAMBERS
70 WEST HEDDING ST, 1ST FLOOR
SAN JOSE

SOURCES AND RESOURCES

OPR Guide to the LAFCO Process for Incorporations www.opr.ca.gov

Santa Clara LAFCO Policies www.santaclara.lafco.ca.gov

Guide to the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 On-line or via Assembly Publications, 1020 N Street, Room 151 Sacramento, CA 95814